recreational areas, and major commercial, office, and industrial buildings shall be noted in the RMP.

- (c) Data sources acceptable. The owner or operator may use the most recent Census data, or other updated information, to estimate the population potentially affected.
- (d) Level of accuracy. Population shall be estimated to two significant digits.

§68.33 Defining offsite impacts—environment.

- (a) The owner or operator shall list in the RMP environmental receptors within a circle with its center at the point of the release and a radius determined by the distance to the endpoint defined in §68.22(a) of this part.
- (b) Data sources acceptable. The owner or operator may rely on information provided on local U.S. Geological Survey maps or on any data source containing U.S.G.S. data to identify environmental receptors.

§68.36 Review and update.

- (a) The owner or operator shall review and update the offsite consequence analyses at least once every five years.
- (b) If changes in processes, quantities stored or handled, or any other aspect of the stationary source might reasonably be expected to increase or decrease the distance to the endpoint by a factor of two or more, the owner or operator shall complete a revised analysis within six months of the change and submit a revised risk management plan as provided in §68.190.

§68.39 Documentation.

The owner or operator shall maintain the following records on the offsite consequence analyses:

(a) For worst-case scenarios, a description of the vessel or pipeline and substance selected as worst case, assumptions and parameters used, and the rationale for selection; assumptions shall include use of any administrative controls and any passive mitigation that were assumed to limit the quantity that could be released. Documentation shall include the anticipated effect of the controls and mitigation on the release quantity and rate.

- (b) For alternative release scenarios, a description of the scenarios identified, assumptions and parameters used, and the rationale for the selection of specific scenarios; assumptions shall include use of any administrative controls and any mitigation that were assumed to limit the quantity that could be released. Documentation shall include the effect of the controls and mitigation on the release quantity and rate.
- (c) Documentation of estimated quantity released, release rate, and duration of release.
- (d) Methodology used to determine distance to endpoints.
- (e) Data used to estimate population and environmental receptors potentially affected.

§68.42 Five-year accident history.

- (a) The owner or operator shall include in the five-year accident history all accidental releases from covered processes that resulted in deaths, injuries, or significant property damage on site, or known offsite deaths, injuries, evacuations, sheltering in place, property damage, or environmental damage.
- (b) Data required. For each accidental release included, the owner or operator shall report the following information:
- (1) Date, time, and approximate duration of the release;
- (2) Chemical(s) released;
- (3) Estimated quantity released in pounds and, for mixtures containing regulated toxic substances, percentage concentration by weight of the released regulated toxic substance in the liquid mixture:
- (4) Five- or six-digit NAICS code that most closely corresponds to the process:
- (5) The type of release event and its source:
 - (6) Weather conditions, if known;
 - (7) On-site impacts:
 - (8) Known offsite impacts;
- (9) Initiating event and contributing factors if known;
- (10) Whether offsite responders were notified if known; and
- (11) Operational or process changes that resulted from investigation of the release and that have been made by the